

THE DOLLAR WEEKLY BULLETIN.

ROSS & ROSSER, Publishers.

MAYSVILLE, KY., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1863.

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RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A square is Twelve lines of this size type equal to about 100 words of manuscript.

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One Month	2.50	3.50	5.00	6.50	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00	18.00	20.00	22.00
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THE BULLETIN.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
ROSS & ROSSER,
Editors and Proprietors.

MAYSVILLE, - - NOVEMBER, 5

The New York Democracy and Governor Bramlette.

We have already noticed the curious and extraordinary fact that some of the organs of the New York Democracy had invited Governor Bramlette, of Kentucky, to speak in that State, and had extensively posted him in that connection. In view of his political principles and the manner of his election, this proceeding took the Democracy of the West by surprise, and we were curious to know what was considered Democracy and who were Democrats in New York?—The Louisville Democrat says of it:

The Buffalo Courier announces that Governor Bramlette is to speak to the Democrats of that place, and adds, "Let us give Governor Bramlette a Democratic greeting. When a Democrat, invited to speak at a convention that nominated Bramlette, or whose committee nominated him, announced that he had always been a Democrat, marks of disgust and disturbance prevented the speaker from proceeding. He was told emphatically that it was not a Democratic meeting. The manner of conducting the election in Kentucky, at which Bramlette was chosen Governor, is fresh in the recollection of the public. If Democrats tolerate such practices, it is well enough if they are beat. No party can do worse."

Governor Bramlette's speeches have been a strange medley. He disapproves sundry things in the Administration and the prosecution of the war, and then frames apologies for them, and comes out practically about as good a supporter of the present Republican Administration as any body.

A large number of his supporters could hardly tell whether they desired the Republicans to succeed in the late elections or the Democrats while one of their Members of Congress made speeches for Brough at Republican meetings. They are mighty in words about correcting evils by the ballot-box, but their party only must vote; and in a great contest they can't decide whether the ballot should be used to put down Republicans or Democrats. They have always doubts and scruples; can't see how they can choose. Next year these men will be puzzled. They would like to vote the Democratic ticket, but, if provided—ending in a resolution to prefer the Republicans upon the whole. They have power in Kentucky now by Federal bayonets, and must not be ungrateful for favors conferred. Yet they tell the world they are Democrats. Well, they are not of the old sort. They are of the species called greenback Democrats.

The Democrat is the organ of the Douglas and Union Democracy of Kentucky.

Over thirty thousand conscripts from Virginia have been sent to the rebel army during the last twelve months.

Putting eagles on our coins has reflected little credit on the pluck of the national bird since the war began, as they have all flown away.

A large part of the wealthy population of Nashville were under Breckinridge, in Bragg's army, at Chickamauga, and out of sixteen hundred under the General thirteen hundred were killed. Three-fourths of the ladies of the Episcopal Church are in mourning.

From the Democrat of Sunday.

Tobacco at Louisville.

Our tobacco year ended with yesterday. The sales at the different warehouses add up as follows:

Pickett.....	16,073
Boone.....	28,786
Ninth Street.....	7,683
Louisville (in eight months).....	4,190

It will be seen from the above that our sales for the year add up to 36,712 hhds.

The New York banks now hold 23 millions specie, which is ten millions less than last July. Mr. Chase's pile has increased more than as much.

It is stated in the National Intelligencer that the whole number of soldiers obtained under the late draft in Massachusetts was one thousand, eight hundred and thirty, all of whom were sent to swell the Army of the Potomac. What an enormous swell the swarms from Massachusetts must have produced!

New Hampshire is in a bad state.—The Governor demands from the Administration five regiments from abroad, to enforce the draft. The Secretary of War refuses to grant the request, and the Governor refuses to proceed without them. What an united and happy people we are getting to be!

Ex Colonel Tom Ford, of Ohio, who figured with Colonel Miles in the disgraceful surrender of Harper's Ferry, has recently settled down in a sixteen hundred dollar clerkship in the Department of the Interior.

There are strong hopes of fifty thousand hogheads of sugar being realized from this year's crop. A great falling off from upward of three hundred thousand hogheads, as in former years.

Most of the Bishops in France, following the example of Rome, have ordered public prayers for Poland.

The ill-fated "Great Eastern" steamship has been laid up indefinitely, and it is stated she is to be sold at auction.

The Holmes County (Ohio) Farmer, in speaking of the result of the late election, says, "We all have the consolation of knowing that Lazarus was ticked by the dogs and lived."

Philadelphia coined \$360,552 in gold September.

Interesting from the So. th.

[From the Atlanta Appeal.]

REBEL LOSS AT CHICKAMAUGA.

A correspondent of the Columbus (Ga.) Enquirer says that the official report of our loss in killed, wounded, and missing in the battle of Chickamauga amounts to 17,999.

SLAVE REVOLT IN HANCOCK.

The reported insurrection of blacks in Hancock County seems to have been a more serious affair than first supposed. From trustworthy information communicated us quite a large number of negroes are implicated in the intended revolt. Their organization was complete, and officers chosen from that of Major General down to Corporal. The chief of the conspiracy is an artful and intelligent fellow, who was well qualified to be a leader of such a dangerous enterprise.

He was the Major General of the forces, and proceeded to Atlanta on business connected with the plot. The plan was laid to join Rosecrans when he arrived and capture Atlanta, after first killing off the old white men and women and children, and appropriating the young women as wives. To this they were put up by designing rascals from Lincolnism, who are now infesting the whole country. A number of the ringleaders of the plot have been arrested and lodged in the Hancock Jail, and with them the Major General, who was brought in from Atlanta.

On arriving at the jail and seeing his comrades 'cribbed,' he said to them scornfully, "You have played —, haven't you?" and then subsided into stubborn silence in reference to his object.

Judge Thomas has ordered an extra session of the Superior Court for the 3rd Monday of this month, to investigate the case and properly punish these misguided and desperate malcontents, if found guilty, as they are sure to be, from the disclosures already made. Let other communities take warning.—Macon Confederate, 14th.

THE FUNERAL OF A SLAVE.

[From the Richmond Examiner, Oct 24]

Several days since a very likely slave woman of Mr. T. B. Rees died, and her funeral took place from the African Church, attended by an immense concourse of colored people. The master of the deceased caused to be provided a very handsome coffin, which was covered by bouquets and flowers, and the cortege to the grave was composed of thirty-three hacks.

This was in Richmond, the capital of the Southern Confederacy, and in the midst of the "slave-driving aristocracy." In the "contraband pens" near Washington, D. C., the capital of the United States, and the seat of the great "Emancipator party," a dozen wretched negroes die daily, and their only attendants to the grave are two living "contrabands," to carry the rough board box, and one with a spade to dig the hole. How looks the twofold picture, and in which is the most humanity exhibited?

THE PRICE OF BEEF IN RICHMOND.

The Richmond Dispatch, of the 21st, contains a correspondence between the butchers of Richmond and Chief Commissary of Virginia, in which the latter objects to a proposition by the butchers to pay as high as thirty-five cents per pound for cattle, when the Government is limited by law to the payment of only from sixteen to twenty cents, because it would deprive the armies in Virginia and the people out of Richmond of the ability to procure beef adequate to their wants, and would cause a monopoly of the supply by the butchers. It was finally concluded that the butchers should pay, as the maximum price for beef, twenty-five cents a pound gross, and should obligate themselves to retail it from their stalls at from forty to sixty cents net. The arrangement is heralded by the Richmond press as a god-send to the poorer classes, who will thus be enabled to have a taste of beef on the payment of forty cents a pound for the inferior qualities. A supply store is also proposed in Richmond, where food is to be deposited and sold to the needy at moderate rates, and several capitalists have signified their willingness to advance large sums of money to start the enterprise.

The Dispatch states that prison-room "is so much needed by Gen. Winder, and suitable houses are so very scarce, that he will probably be compelled to take the new Theater, Metropolitan Hall and the Varieties for his purposes. These buildings are large, and may be fitted up as prisons at comparatively small expense."

THE FORTIFICATIONS AT CHATTANOOGA.

The Richmond Dispatch has a regular correspondent with the army of Gen. Bragg, who writes over the signature "Sallust," with more than ordinary intelligence. In one of his late letters he describes the Federal fortifications at Chattanooga, as consisting of works on the Federal extreme left, up the river, the "Star" fort in the center, and the "Moccasin" works. The writer says: "These last works are on the north side, and in a bend of the river opposite our left, and are so designated because the ground in the bend of the river assumes the shape of an Indian's moccasin. They are in the lower part of the S which sweeps around toward our lines at the foot of Lookout. The ground in the moccasin is elevated and irregular, and gives the enemy an enfilading fire upon a column moving across the plain against their center or right. There are three casemated batteries of rifled guns on the moccasin, and they are known among the Confederates as the moccasin batteries."

"The Star Fort is situated about the center of the Federal lines, and is an extensive and formidable work. We have not yet been able to ascertain the number of guns it mounts, though we could see that four of its guns replied to our fire. None of their guns, however, were able to reach our batteries on the mountains, on account of their great elevation. The distance was too far for our guns to produce any particular effect. Several of our shot were seen to explode above the Star Fort and over the Federal lines; but as far as I could see, with the aid of an excellent glass, no unusual commotion was created thereby in the camps of the enemy. The men moved in an orderly manner to their positions in the forts and behind the breast works, and stood firmly to their posts throughout the day."

A letter from a prominent officer in Long-street's corps, states there will be no attack on Chattanooga, and adds that although the Union position is not impregnable, it is very strongly fortified, and would cost half of Bragg's army to storm them."

From the Montgomery (Ala.) Mail.

GEN. HOOD AND HIS MEN.

While Hood's division was in line of battle on Saturday, the 19th, waiting to be ordered forward, the General himself rode along the front, his hat off, in token of sa-

lute, his left arm in a sling, and his noble countenance still pale from the wound received at Gettysburg. Every tongue was ready to rend the air with shouts—for Hood's men love their gallant leader. But he waved his hand for silence, lest their cheers should attract the enemy's artillery, and said: "Boys, I am glad to see you.—You must whip this battle here." There was something awfully beautiful and solemnly prophetic of the issue of the day, in the murmured vow, "not loud but deep," that ran along the line, "We'll do it, General." They greeted him with the waving of their hats in the air, and, when shortly after they were ordered to advance, they did so with the wild shouts and impetuosity characteristic of Southern blood; and the Yankees of Rosecrans' army will long remember and as long lament the day they first met Hood's legion on the gay banks of the Chickamauga. "The conqueror," said their leader, "felly" and when it was told "General Hood is wounded," the writer saw the eyes of many a battle-scarred veteran wet with tears. Since the death of Stonewall Jackson, the loss of no man has been so deeply deplored as that of Major General John B. Hood. He is regarded by the soldiers as the second Stonewall Jackson of our army now. God grant that the hero may still live to fight and win his country's battles.

THE PROSPECTS FOR COAL.—We have endeavored to furnish our readers with the most reliable information in our reach relative to the supply of coal for immediate use. A late estimate as to the amount of coal in barges at Pittsburgh showed 4,000,000 bushels. The Evening Chronicle of that city, of the 4th date, states the estimate at too low a figure by one-half, and that there is ready for shipment over 8,000,000 bushels. It gives the details as follows:

In the Youghiogheny there are 800,000 bushels. In Pool No. 4, in the Monongahela, there are eight barges, containing at a rough estimate, 10,000 bushels each; eighteen barges containing 20,000 each, and fifteen containing 5000 each. In Pool No. 3 there are sixty-four barges with 10,000 bushels each; thirty-one barges with 20,000 each, and thirty-four with 5,000 each. In Pool No. 2 there are eighty barges with 10,000 bushels each; eighty-one barges with 20,000 and eighty-seven with 5,000 each. In Pool No. 1 there are eighty-one barges with 10,000 bushels each; sixty barges with 20,000 each, and forty-eight with 5,000 each. Total in barges and boats in the different pools 7,050,000 bushels. Below Pool No. 1 there are according to a close estimate, 800,000 bushels, with that in the Youghiogheny and different pools, the enormous aggregate of 8,650,000 bushels.

Relative to starting this immense fleet, the Chronicle states that "it requires a stage of eight feet for barges, while the heavier class of coal boats require from 10 to 12 feet. Should the rise come from the Allegheny, only the coal in the immediate vicinity of the city will be got out, and this is but a very small portion of the whole; while, should it extend to both rivers even, the length of time required to get the barges through the locks, and the absence of a sufficient number of steam-tugs to take them to their destination, renders it certain that, unless the freshest lasts for several days but a small quantity will get out. The fact, then, that we have so much coal lying here does not, even had we a rise to-morrow, promise that relief to our suffering friends below who some, who have not weighed the matter carefully, have been led to anticipate."

In regard to this we can say that our autumn rises in the Ohio are generally extended over several weeks; and, with this precedent before us, we may hope for a fair supply at our landings, based upon the above figures.

From the Detroit Free Press.

Upward Tendency in Gold.

For the month of September the imports to the port of New York were fifteen millions of dollars, and the exports, exclusive of specie, were twelve millions. The imports are recorded in the customs returns at the gold value, but the exports are entered at the value represented by the paper currency. At the present price of gold, the gold value of our twelve millions of exports is but eight millions, leaving a balance of seven millions of foreign trade against us in September. The balance has been largely against us this month, and the result is the necessity for large exportations of gold. This is one reason for its upward tendency.

The exports of gold from San Francisco to New York have also wholly ceased, on account of the dangers apprehended from the rebel privateers. For the last nine months we have received but nine and a half millions of gold from California, against eighteen and a half millions during the same period of 1862. With this disproportion between the receipts of specie, and its exportation to balance the foreign trade, we are losing it from the country at the rate of forty millions per annum. This is another reason for its upward tendency. The customs receipts are now paid in gold, and amount to about sixty millions a year. The interest on the Seven thirty bonds which the gold is held to pay amounts to about twenty-five millions per annum. The excess of the Government's gold receipts to its gold disbursements is about thirty-five millions. This is another reason for its upward tendency. The Treasury Department continues its large issue of paper money. Our armies have not met with the successes anticipated. This, too, has caused an upward tendency in gold. We have not alluded to local reasons and speculations which tend to produce sudden fluctuations in the money market, but have merely endeavored to briefly state the substantial reasons for the gradual rise in gold. Secretary Chase, our financial luminary, gravely tells us that "it is sympathy with treason that makes gold rise."

The Concord (N. H.) Patriot reports that Chief Justice BELL, of the Supreme Court of New Hampshire, decides, in the case of John H. George vs. The City of Concord, that United States "greenbacks" are not legal tender. The plaintiff held the city's notes for \$2,000, for which United States notes were tendered and refused, and a suit brought to recover the debt, which action has been for the present decided as above. The case goes to the full bench. We believe that Chief Justice BELL is a Republican. Judge SELDEN, of the New York Court of Appeals, now the Republican candidate for re-election, has given a similar opinion. The full Court, however, was the other way in opinion.

Many persons fancy themselves friendly when they are only officious.

From an Occasional Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, October 26, 1863.

I am informed that the last mail from Europe has brought not only the official, but also the moral assurance, based upon incontrovertible evidence, that the French Government will continue to preserve a complete neutrality in American affairs. This confirms the statements I have sent you at various times concerning the recognition of the Southern Confederacy by France: I asserted if you remember, that this recognition was subordinate to the power of the South to maintain its ground, to preserve its territorial possessions, and to oppose an effective check to the Union armies.

This conclusion not having been fulfilled—the South on the contrary, lost considerable within the last six months, both in a material and moral point of view—the Government of the Emperor has continued to maintain its previous attitude, watching the course of events and adapting its conduct to circumstances. This has been the policy of the French since the beginning of the war. Thus, when the news of the invasion of Pennsylvania by General Lee reached France, Cabinet councils were held in order to consider the new elements which this invasion, if successful, would produce in the relations of France with this country. But no sooner was the defeat at Gettysburg known than the French Government relaxed into its passive attitude, and left events follow their own course, without coming to any conclusion.

Notwithstanding the firm intentions of the French Government to adhere strictly to its pledge of neutrality, so long as the South fails to vindicate its right to recognition, there are certain reasons which, I am informed, may possibly change its disposition, and induce it to change its attitude; as a measure of self preservation and prudence. Among these causes I may name the aggressive and unjustifiable language of some American papers toward the Empire—their unfortunate efforts to alienate, without cause, the people of this country from France and to sow in the hearts of the people the seeds of a resentment which may at some future time grow into open hostilities.

Another cause which may lead the French Government to lend assistance to the South is the hostile and significant interpretation given to the presence of the Russian fleet in American harbors. If these obstacles to international good-feeling be removed there is no probability of the recognition of the Southern Confederacy by France until the ability of the Confederacy to maintain itself has been fully demonstrated.

By intelligence received from Trieste it now appears that the Emperor of the French had confidently suggested to Prince Maximilian the idea of demanding of the Mexican Legation the universal consent of the Mexican people as the condition of his acceptance, and that his speech was communicated to that monarch and to his Imperial brother Francis II, before he delivered it. It would seem that these conditions were merely conventional, and did not imply on the part of the Prince any intention of rejecting the proffered crown. This was perfectly understood not only by the crowned heads of Europe, who were informed of Prince Maximilian's designs, but also by the people of Trieste, where the Prince resided. This was so evident that after the arrival of the Mexican delegation a rich banquet of that city, having invited all the principal citizens to a banquet, with most of the Mexican delegates, the first toast of the evening was given in honor of the Emperor and Empress of Mexico. The acceptance of Maximilian was a fact settled long ago, as I have several times assured you, and which only awaited certain formalities to be proclaimed to the whole world.

A Cry for House Room.

The Richmond correspondent of the Atlanta Appeal, under date of Oct. 1, writes:

The question of house-room is beginning to assume a more serious and alarming aspect in the capital than even the question of food. As the season approaches when all the summer absentees will have returned to the city, and when, in addition to these, and the very large accessions of fugitives from their homes which have been made to the population during three or four months past, we shall have both houses of Congress and the State Legislature in session at the same time, the problem of providing them with quarters becomes more and more perplexing. Rents have gone up to an almost incredible figure. Houses in any convenient part of the town will now rent for more than they would have brought at public auction three years ago. A single room, unfurnished, commands one hundred dollars a month. I know of one instance in which a two-story dwelling has been rented at the enormous rate of \$1,000 a month. Heads of families are going about begging to be taken in as boarders in private dwellings, at any charge that may be demanded.

This state of things is inevitable to a small town which all at once finds itself the seat of government of a great nation, and at the same time the place of refuge of thousands who have been compelled to abandon their own firesides by the public enemy. Ordinarily, the evil of an over-crowded city would remedy itself by the erection of new houses. But this is now impossible. Not a row of tenements have been built in Richmond since 1860, and, in many cases, dwellings which had been roofed in, have been necessarily left in an unfinished condition for want of material to carry them to completion.

Nobody can build, and nobody can finish what they have already commenced. What will be the upshot of this unlooked-for pressure remains to be seen. Some departments of the Government business will probably have to be removed elsewhere. The poorer citizens will have to abandon Richmond as a place in which they can not possibly afford to keep a roof over their heads, and this without reference to the urgent necessity of food and fuel which must bear heavily upon the scanty purse when the cold weather has been fairly inaugurated.

Henry Ward Beecher is being educated by foreign travel, and announces in his last letter the dissipation of one of his Puritanical prejudices:

"I am bound to say, also, that I have been agreeably disappointed in the appearance of the monks and priests in Roman Catholic countries. As a general rule, they have appeared to be clear-faced, intelligent, and sincere men. Only once or twice did we meet the legendary type of monk—round, fat, and worldly. In Switzerland, and in Northern Italy, the general impression produced upon me by the priests has been highly favorable to them."

From a Washington Letter Writer.

Reception of the Mexican Minister.

Senor Don Matias Romero was to-day presented to the President by the Secretary of State as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the Mexican Republic. On delivering his credentials he made the remarks of which the following is a translation:

"I have the honor to place in your Excellency's hands the letters of the Constitutional President of the United Mexican States, which accredit me as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Mexico near your Excellency's Government. Two neighboring, friendly Governments, which divide between them the richest portion of this continent, and which are ruled by identical institutions, can no less have identical interests, which will be augmented and strengthened in a great degree by drawing more closely together the friendly relations which happily exist between them, and by developing the commercial interests through which both in the result will be mutually benefited. The Government and people of Mexico profess the greatest friendship and consideration for the Government and people of the United States of America, and fervently desire the prosperity, aggrandizement and welfare of the country. On me has fallen the honor to come here and express these sentiments of goodwill, and in the discharge of my official duties, my greatest efforts will be directed to the accomplishment of the desires of my Government, which are also mine, to maintain and strengthen the bonds of friendship which connect Mexico with the United States, and promote the development of the commercial interests, which will more closely draw together the ties by which the two nations are united. I do not doubt that, in the discharge of the mission which has been confided to me, I shall meet with the co-operation of the Government of your Excellency; and it will be very satisfactory to me to succeed in deserving your approbation."

To which the President replied as follows:

Mr. Romero: You have hitherto resided with us, and for a considerable period have been the chief diplomatic representative of your country at this capital. You know how sincerely and how proudly during that residence the United States desired that Mexico might always enjoy the blessings of domestic and foreign peace with perfect security, prosperity, independence and freedom. You know also that, during the previous residence to which I have referred, you enjoyed the respect and esteem of the people of the United States. I have the pleasure of assuring you that in all things, as well agreeing your country as unchanged personally, these feelings remain unaltered. Thanking you for the liberal sentiments you have expressed for the United States, and congratulating you upon the renewed confidence which your Government has reposed in you, it is with unaffected pleasure that I bid you welcome to Washington.

FORTRESS MONROE, November 2.—The Richmond White of 31st ult. contains the following dispatch:

CHARLESTON, October 30.—The bombardment of Fort Sumter to-day is the heaviest that has ever taken place. From sundown Wednesday till sundown Thursday 1,250 shot from 15 inch mortars and 300 pounder Parrots have been thrown against the Fort. Our loss is seven wounded.

This evening the enemy opened fire from the mortar battery at Cumming's Point, upon the north-east angle of the fort, which seem to be the special object of their attention.

The enemy's batteries engaged were those of Gregg and Wagner, the center battery and Cummings Point Battery, with the addition of three Monitors.

The bombardment of Fort Sumter still goes on, but the fire is much slackened.—Our batteries fire slowly and deliberately.—The enemy at present pays no attention to them.

PHILADELPHIA, November 2.—Sales of Government Bonds to-day amounted to \$3,150,000. Parties wanting bonds dated November 1, can obtain them by paying back interest in coin or its equivalent. Deliveries of bonds under \$3,000 are made on payment of subscription.

LOUISVILLE, November 2.—There is great dissatisfaction among our merchants because of the requirement to carry their bondsman to Cincinnati, as requisite to obtain permits to send goods to loyal southern points, which are geographically tributary to Louisville. A meeting of the merchants in contemplation, to represent to the Government the injustice of depriving them of a local officer for granting such permits.

Foreign News.

The London Times publishes a letter by the well-known correspondent "Mysterious," commenting on and showing the importance of the seizure of the steam-rails in the Mersey, expressing the belief that the public will stand by the Government in their determination to defeat fraudulent contrivances.

Mr. Laird had been speaking at Birkenhead, defending his course in the matter of the Alabama.

Napoleon had received and congratulated the Mexican deputation on their success. St. Petersburg accounts say it is the general belief that there will be a diplomatic rupture between Russia and the Western powers before Christmas.

The Times has an editorial holding up, in moving tones, the threatening position of affairs throughout the world, and urging that it is the plain duty of England to seize and use all the opportunities of her position, and, as arbitrator, make and keep peace while she can.

The Army and Navy Gazette considers the Southern cause more hopeful now than for some time past, and thinks that, if similar apathy or non-success on the part of the Federals should mark the close of the year, there will be a great chance of the South obtaining an armistice, and that armistice will lead to an adjustment of the present difficulty.

All the forts commenced in Philadelphia a few months ago, are now completed. Their cost is near \$50,000.

When men are together they listen to one another; but women and girls look at one another.

A single firm pays \$150,000 a year to the London Times for advertising. As ye sow so shall ye reap.

Commercial.

MAYSVILLE MARKET.

THURSDAY, Nov. 5, 1863.

Sugar—New Orleans, 12 1/2 to 15c.
Molasses—New Orleans, Bbls. 62@65c; Half Bbls. 37c.
Coffee 82 to 85c with upward tendency.
Wheat—Red \$1 05; White \$1 15@1 20.
Flour—Selling at \$4 00@4 00.
Whisky.—Market firm Ross & Newell's premium selling at 54c.
Crush Sugar, 17c.
Gran 17c.
Loaf 17c.
RACON.—Sides 8c; Hams 10@12c; Shoulders 6 1/2 cents.
LARD.—10 to 12 1/2c, per lb.
Hemp.—\$120 to \$125 per ton.
Tobacco.—Selling at 7@16c lbs.
MAKEREL.—Bbls. No. 2, \$1; Half bbls. 75c, Quarters \$4.00.
SALT.—50c, 3 bushel.
IRON.—Bar Iron 20 1/2; Nail Iron 6 1/2@8; Horse Shoe 3 1/2@4; 25 for 100.
NAILS.—\$5 25 for 100.
RICE.—9c, 3 bushel.
FEATHERS.—46 cents lbs.
FLAX SEED.—\$1 75 per bushel.

OLD STAND ON WALL STREET.

GROCERIES, OLD BOURBON, LIQUORS

OLD AND NEW HAMS,

COUNTRY PRODUCE AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF FAMILY AND BUSINESS CONSUMPTIONS FOR CITY AND COUNTRY!

A T M Y OLD AND COMMISSION Stand, embracing two large and elegant three story stores on Wall Street, I continue to carry on, with increased stock and facilities, my long established business of furnishing Families in City and County, Farmers, Merchant and all others, most of the essential commodities consumed in life, all which I am selling at the most favorable rates for cash or such country produce as suits the market. Thankful for the liberal patronage so long extended to me in the past, and which has enabled me to offer greater inducements to customers hereafter, I respectfully solicit a continuance of their favor. Below will be found advertisements of a few of my specialties; but it would take up a whole newspaper to enumerate all the commodities of general necessity which I habitually keep on hand. No one can examine my stock and go away unsatisfied as to quality and price.

ALEX. MADDOX.

Old Stand on Wall Street.

Maysville, July 17

OLD HAMS.—200 two year old canned of a lot of some thousand of my own curing, still remaining for select use.

ALEX. MADDOX.

NEW HAMS.—500 canned Hams of my last year's curing, sweet, sound, juicy and of unrivaled flavor.

ALEX. MADDOX.

CHOICE IMPORTED FRENCH BRANDY.—I have bought John A. Coburn's stock of choice Brandy selected by himself in France, a superb article for Druggists and Families, very old.

ALEX. MADDOX.

STORAGE AND COMMISSION.—Good and Produce for storage or sale always received on consignment on the most moderate rates.

ALEX. MADDOX.

OLD BOURBON.—50 Bbls. choice Bourb. Whisky very old, pure, highly flavored and oily.

ALEX. MADDOX.

BOURBON WHISKY.—A large stock of pure copper distilled Whisky, from one to four years old, always kept on hand for sale by Brl or gallon.

ALEX. MADDOX.

COMMON WHISKY.—An abundant supply of common Whiskies, at very low rates, always on hand.

ALEX. MADDOX.

FAMILY FLOUR.—The choicest brands always kept

ALEX. MADDOX.

CORN MEAL.—From picked flint grain and carefully milled, ever on hand.

ALEX. MADDOX.

SUGARS.—Choicest Brown and White Sugars always on hand.

ALEX. MADDOX.

COFFEE.—The choicest descriptions always kept in full supply.

ALEX. MADDOX.

TEAS.—Green and Black of all the best grades.

ALEX. MADDOX.

FISH.—Mackerel, Salmon, Herring, Sardines, Lake and other fish

ALEX. MADDOX.

CORN IN THE EAR.—Selected sound corn in the ear always on hand

ALEX. MADDOX.

CORDAGE.—Hemp and Manila ropes of all sizes from a plough line to a ship cable always on hand.

ALEX. MADDOX.

OAKUM.—Choice prepared always on hand

A. MADDOX

BLOCK AND TACKLE.—An assortment embracing all sizes of superior construction

ALEX. MADDOX.

CHEESE.—The most select brands of rich, pure, bluegrass cheese.

ALEX. MADDOX.

STONE WARE.—Every kind of vessels of the best manufactured earthen ware.

ALEX. MADDOX.

SALT.—Best Kanawha and Ohio River Salt by the Brl and Table Salt by the bag.

THE BULLETIN.

MAYSVILLE, THURSDAY, NOV. 5.

Persons wishing the Bulletin, must pay for it in advance. We are compelled to adopt this course in justice to ourselves. Our terms are only One Dollar per year.

LADIES.—We will furnish GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK and the BULLETIN one year for \$3.50.

A Catholic priest in Essex county, New York, who was known to have a large sum of money about him, was robbed, murdered, and his body thrown into Lake Champlain.

AN OLD ROSE TREE.—The oldest rose tree in Europe is at Hildesheim, in Hanover. It was planted in the ninth century by Louis the Pious, and in 1078 Bishop Hesilo had a wall built around the tree to protect it. It has lately put forth new shoots from the old roots, one of which is twelve feet high and nearly an inch in diameter.

Col. Straight and his companions recently made an unsuccessful attempt to escape from the Libby Prison.

An Exchange heads an article "Overhead on the Brain." There is generally brains in such heads.

A mob at Jackson, New Hampshire, on Thursday night burned the hotel where the deputy provost marshal was stopping, while serving notices on drafted men. He narrowly escaped with his life.

Seven hogheads of fine leaf tobacco, says the Louisville Democrat, grown by Mr. E. Boyd, of Christian County, and owned by John W. McPherson, were sold on the 21st inst., at Pratt & Co.'s warehouse, at an average of \$23 50 per hundred pounds. At the Boone Warehouse, two hogheads of bright cutting leaf, grown by Jas. Crawford, of Breckinridge county, sold for \$32 50 and \$38.

The Russian squadron in New York harbor carries 170 guns, and is manned by 2,400 men.

Persons visiting Maysville, should not forget the great rendezvous on Market street under the special care of our friend BANCROFT, as emphatically the place to get a superb dinner for 30 cents. Meals served up at all hours and on short notice. Oysters of the most delicious flavor served up to suit and for sale by the Can or Half Can.—Game, Fish, &c.; when they can be procured. Give George a call, and you will not wish to dine any where else.

A large number of new box-cars are being placed on the Kentucky Central Railroad. Some of them were manufactured by order of the Government. Doubtless a portion of this rolling stock will be taken through to the Louisville and Nashville road, the gauge of the roads between here and the former city being now the same.

HONEST.—J. J. Astor, Jr., finding that his house in New York had been valued by the Tax Commissioners at only \$10,000, sent word to them that they had made a mistake of \$90,000 in the estimate.

The odd proposal has been made in England to turn the Great Eastern into a floating hotel, and anchor her off Cowes, to make occasional sea excursions.

Madame La Grange, the cantatrice, has created a furore in Spain. It is said that on two nights 5,400 bouquets and 100 doves and Canary birds were thrown to her on the stage.

The flute with which John Bunyan beguiled the tediousness of his captive hours is now in possession of Mr. Howell, tailor, Gainsborough, England. In appearance, it is not unlike the leg of a stool—out of which, it is said Bunyan, while in prison manufactured it. When the turnkey, attracted by the sound of music, entered his cell, the flute was replaced in the stool, and by this means detection was avoided.

A New Hampshire paper says those who went to Lebanon one day last week for examination, were shocked to see a white man there, followed by his young son, whom he was endeavoring to sell at the highest price as a substitute. The man, at last, after much haggling, sold his boy for \$450, and pocketed the greenbacks with the coolest satisfaction, while the boy dejectedly passed into the Provost's office to report for service.

The Principal of the State Michigan Normal School has admitted negro children to all the rights and privileges which other scholars have. So they go on the straight road to negro equality and amalgamation.

A writer in the Georgia Constitutionalist says, the war is costing the Confederacy \$700,000,000 a year. This does not include the cost in the destruction of public and private property, loss of stores, &c., which will be found twice more than seven hundred millions per annum.

THE PROSPECT.—How will the "growth of a Union sentiment at the South" be encouraged by the triumph in three great States of the North, of a party pledged to accord no peace until the institution of slavery is completely extinct and all the provisions of the confiscation act fully carried out? Is the result of the recent elections calculated to foster a desire for reconstruction on the part of the Southern people?

The recent ovation to the satraps of the Russian despot, in New York, has stirred the genuine blood of the friends of liberty, as they are determined to make a demonstration in honor of the down-trodden Poles. The New York correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer says:

Some of our Polish friends (and we have many hundreds of them now) have taken umbrage, it seems, at the hospitalities offered to the Russian officers by the municipal authorities. In order to give expression to their feelings, they have published a notification in the morning journals, stating that a "grand banquet is about to be given by a committee of citizens to the Poles resident in New York and vicinity, with a view of manifesting their sympathy with oppressed nations and their abhorrence of tyranny by whomsoever practiced." The advertisement is prefaced with this heading: "Liberty, Liberty, to the Prostrate Nations!"

CENTRAL AMERICA AND FRANCE.—A good deal of feeling exists on the part of the representatives of the Central American States, touching the aggressions of France in Mexico. The protection of this Government is asked, but what can it do for them while engaged in a protracted civil war, to emancipate millions of slaves, and reduce other millions of whites to colonial condition, or to servitude? Referring to this point, the official organ reproduces the Monroe Doctrine, as laid down in his (the President's) message of 1823. The organ says it would be a great license of interpretation to give to the proceedings of France in Mexico any other meaning than that of controlling the destiny of that republic, if not of oppressing it, so far as present appearances go. If this course is persisted in, we can foresee no alternative for the United States, consistent with its honor and dignity, than that of offering the views the President uttered in 1823.—Washington Correspondence New York News.

Dr. Roback's Yearly Resume.
DISEASE EXPELLED FROM THE BLOOD BY DR. ROBACK'S SCANDINAVIAN REMEDIES.—I know of fourteen hundred and fifty-one persons, some of whom have been given over by physicians, who have been radically cured by my Scandinavian medicines, and I do not hear of one in a thousand of the cures that my Medicines effect. Among them, as copied from my record are 240 of Dyspepsia; 136 Liver Complaint; 117 Rheumatism; 22 Scrofula in adults; 67 Scrofula in children; 135 General Debility; 47 Sexual Disability; 186 Tetters and other diseases of the Skin; 36 Fits; 215 Fever and Ague; 250 various diseases. I have now over 4,500 agents. See advertisement.

MARRIED.
October 27th, 1863, by the Rev. John Smith, Mr. WILLIAM A. BROWN, of Maysville, to Miss MATTIE A. BURROUGHS, of Montgomery county, Ky.

DIED.
In this City, on Monday evening, November 2d, 1863, of consumption, Mrs. HELEN ADAMS, aged about forty years.

Notice to Blacksmiths.
IT Being the wish of the Boss Blacksmiths of Mason County, that a meeting of the same be held at an early day, I hereby request that they assemble at the "NEPTUNE HALL," in the City of Maysville, On Wednesday, November 11th, 1863. A full attendance is requested, as business of importance demands their attention.
nov 5 JONAS MYALL, Pres.

Engine and Boiler For Sale.
THE ENGINE has a nine inch Cylinder with three foot stroke; FLY-WHEEL ten feet in diameter and weighs 2,200 pounds; BOILER twenty-four feet long (of best thickness), forty-two inches in diameter, with two sixteen inch Flues—almost as good as new—having been run but very little. The whole is capable of running two pairs of Stones, and the necessary Bolting Apparatus. Apply to MILTON TAYLOR, Three miles Maysville, on Flemingsburg Pike, nov 5, 1863-tf

FRESH CRANBERRIES—Just received and for sale by J. H. RICHESON.
DRIED FRUIT—Peaches and Apples—nov 5 For sale by J. H. RICHESON.
HOMINY—best flint—For sale by nov 5 J. H. RICHESON.
KENTUCKY CREAM CHEESE—Fresh from the Blue Grass region—very rich and of fine flavor—For sale by J. H. RICHESON, Maysville, Nov. 5, '63.

FRESH MACKEREL, 1863!
THIS Day received direct from Boston, Kitts, Kegs and Half Barrels, nov 5 For sale by J. H. RICHESON.

EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP!
JUST Received a fine lot of New York Syrup. For sale by J. H. RICHESON.
FINE CUT TOBACCO—A choice article nov 5 For sale by J. H. RICHESON.

Coal Oil Reduced!
90 CTS PER GALLON RETAIL; Larger quantities at smaller figures. oct 29 At J. H. RICHESON'S.

Coal Oil!
PRICE REDUCED!!
At SEATON & BRODRICK'S

WINDOW GLASS!
ALL SIZES
At SEATON & BRODRICK'S.

Harper's Magazine!
HARPER for November—the closing No. of the present, volume received by G. W. BLATTERMAN, 2nd Street oct 29

BOOK & STATIONERY HOUSE!
HAYING Purchased the Stock of BOOKS, STATIONERY, WALL PAPER, &c., of Messrs W. L. PEARCE & Co., I propose to conduct the business at the old stand in this City. I shall be continually supplied with a full stock of all articles pertaining to the business and shall sell upon the most reasonable terms.

My stock of SCHOOL BOOKS & SCHOOL STATIONERY is now complete and embraces all the classes of Books in use by the Schools in Northern Kentucky and Southern Ohio. G. W. BLATTERMAN. Sep. 17, 1863.

Special Notices.
HEIMSTREET'S
INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE.
IT IS NOT A DYE,
It restores gray hair to its original color, by supplying the capillary tubes with natural sustenance, impaired by age or disease. All instantaneously dyes are composed of lunar caustic, destroying the vitality and beauty of the hair, and afford of themselves no dressing. Heimstreet's Inimitable Coloring not only restores hair to its natural color by an easy process, but gives the hair a

Luxuriant Beauty, promotes its growth, prevents its falling off, eradicates dandruff, and imparts health and pleasantness to the head. It has stood the test of time, being the original Hair Coloring, and is constantly increasing in favor. Used by both gentlemen and ladies. It is sold by all respectable dealers, or can be procured by them of the commercial agents, D. S. Barnes & Co. 202 Broadway, New-York. Two sizes, 50 cents and \$1. oct 163-6mo.

WYNKOOP'S ICELAND PECTORAL.
Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Pulmonary organs are ever prevalent, insidious and dangerous. The properties of a medicine to alleviate, cure and protect these complaints, must be Expectant, Anodyne and Invigorating, loosening the mucus of the throat, and imparting tone to the entire system. No discovery in medical science ever mastered this class of diseases like Dr. Wynkoop's Iceland Pectoral. It is used with the most astonishing results in all cases of Bronchitis, influenza, Whooping Cough, Diptheria, or Putrid Sore Throat, Asthma, Croup, Coughs, Colds, Nervous Irritability, &c.

The Rev. J. J. Potter certifies, "that I have used Dr. Wynkoop's Pectoral for several years, myself and in my family, for severe Pulmonary Complaints, and have recommended it to many others, and have never seen its equal."

Rev. J. J. Potter, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Hundreds and thousands of important testimonials could be produced, showing its remarkable cures and that it never fails.

It is composed of pure Iceland-Moss, Balm of Gilead, Pernian Balsam, Elemcampane, Comfrey, Burdock, and other invaluable expectorant and tonic ingredients. It is harmless, prompt and lasting. Invalids and sufferers cannot afford to neglect a trial. Full descriptions, recommendations and directions accompany each bottle.
Sold by all principal Druggists.
Prepared by Dr. R. D. Wynkoop, and sold by D. S. Barnes & Co. New-York. oct 1-6m.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.
This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the sunburnt face and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth, and the delicate appearance so inviting in the city belle of fashion. It removes tan, freckles, pimples and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent and smooth. It contains no material injurious to the skin. Patronized by Actresses and Opera Singers. It is what every lady should have.—Sold every where.

DEMAS S. BARNES & CO.
General Agents,
Oct 1, '63 6m. 202 Broadway, N. Y.

MULLINS & HUNT'S
NEW
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS STORE!
THE SUBSCRIBERS, LONG ESTABLISHED in a large retail Dry Goods business in Maysville, would call the attention of Country Merchants to their recent addition of an extensive Wholesale Department, which will be conducted on a STRICTLY CASH PRINCIPLE.

The many years of experience possessed by our buyer, combined with a perfect knowledge of the Kentucky trade, a thorough acquaintance with all the Manufacturing and Importing Houses in the East, and the fact of our purchases being made for "Cash," together with a firm determination to sell at a mere commission advance on Eastern Cost, will be sufficient guarantees to CLOSE CASH BUYERS that we cannot be undersold by any WESTERN JOB-BING HOUSE.

Our Stock will be found better adapted to the wants of our customers than it is usual to find in the generality of JOBBING HOUSES; as it will embrace a greater variety of goods than is ordinarily met with in an exclusive Wholesale Establishment. The departments allotted to

HATS AND CAPS AND
Notions,
Will be at all times especially attractive as particular attention will be paid to them, and a LARGE STOCK

Kept constantly on hand. We would impress upon our friends that in sending us orders they may rely upon having them executed to the fullest extent of our ability.

MULLINS & HUNT,
Cheap Dry Goods Store,
2nd Street, Maysville, Ky.
Maysville, Ky. Jan. 8, 1863.

To the Ladies Only!
IF YOU WISH TO BUY TUCK OR SLIDE COMBS, Call and see our new and beautiful assortment just received. We have them in Sets and Separate of Shell, Coral, Amber, Steel, Gilt, Ivory, Berlin Wire, Buffalo Bone, India Rubber, &c., &c.

N. B. Also, a few BELT BUCKLES of Steel, Jet, Platina, &c. Call early and make your selections while the assortment is good.—They can be found at our NEW DRESS STORE, Cor. 2nd & Court, SEATON & BRODRICK. oct 15

S.—T.—1860.—X.
DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS.
They purify, strengthen and invigorate. They create a healthy appetite. They are an antidote to change of water and diet. They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours.

They strengthen the system and enliven the mind. They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers. They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.

They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation. They cure Diarrhea, Cholera and Cholera Morbus. They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.

They are the best Bitters in the world. They make weak men strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, Cascarella Bark, Dandelion, Chamomile Flowers, Lavender Flowers, Wintergreen, Anise, Clover-buds, Orange Peel, Snake-root, Caraway, Coriander, Burdock, S.—T.—1860.—X. &c.

The following is a sample of the testimony daily received.
SOLDIERS' HOME, SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, CINCINNATI, O., January 15, 1863.

I have given your Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our noble Soldiers who stop here, more or less disabled from various causes, and the effect is most marvelous and gratifying. Such a preparation as this I heartily wish in every family, in every hospital, and at hand on every battle field.

Respectfully,
STYKES, CHADWICK & CO.
CINCINNATI, Dec. 8, 1862.

I have been so ill with Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia that I was compelled to abandon my business. I used three bottles of the Plantation Bitters, and to my astonishment am entirely cured. They are the best medicine I ever used, and I shall endeavor to make them known. Please inform me what S.—T.—1860—X. means. Yours truly, H. B. KINGSLEY.

Dr. W. A. Childs, surgeon of the Tenth Vermont Regiment, writes: "I wish every soldier had a bottle of Plantation Bitters. They are the most effective, perfect, and harmless tonic I ever used."

GALT HOUSE, LOUISVILLE, KY. Dec 21, '63. Messrs P. H. DRAKE & Co.
We are compelled to order 12 doz. Plantation Bitters to supply friends who have no other way of procuring this admirable article.

Respectfully yours,
SILAS F. MILLER & Co. Proprietors.

ROCHESTER, N. Y. Dec 21, 1861. * * * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of the worst kind of dyspepsia of near four years standing. I have recommended them to others, and as far as I know with signal success. I am, &c. Rev. J. S. CATRON.

BURNETT HOUSE, CINCINNATI, Ohio, Dec. 20, 1862 } Messrs DRAKE & Co. The Plantation Bitters appears to be very popular here. Send us twenty cases more, and oblige. Yours truly, T. P. SAUNDERS & Co.

Delicate female requiring a gentle stimulant, and clergymen, lawyers and students exhausted by mental labor, will find the Plantation Bitters a most beneficial tonic.

Every bottle has the fac simile of our signature on a steel plate engraving, or it is not genuine. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers, and Country Stores.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.
202 Broadway, N. Y.
October 1, 1863 6mo.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES,
Shrubby, &c., &c.
GREAT BARGAINS!!!

MR. R. DAWSON, Trustee for G. G. CURTIS & Co. Kentucky Nursery, near the City of Maysville, has ready for full delivery, in the finest condition and of vigorous growth; a very large and select stock of Fruit Trees, say at least 100,000 stocks of Apples, Peaches, Pears, Cherries, Plums, Grapes, &c., &c.

Together with the smaller fruits, as Currants, Gooseberries, Raspberries, Blackberries, &c.; &c.

the list embracing 60 choice varieties of Apples and 30 varieties of Peaches, which he will sell at 8 cents each; HUGH'S CHERRY 10 cents; and other descriptions of fruit trees at proportionately low rates.

He has also a large variety of splendid ORNAMENTAL TREES, EVERGREENS, &c.; FIRE, SPRUCE, SCOTCH AND AUSTRIAN PINES, and other descriptions of fruit trees at proportionately low rates.

Planters will never have a better selection out of which to choose and can never procure stocks on equally favorable terms. Orders left at FORTY'S TAN YARD STAND will receive prompt attention. (October 22, 1863-tf.) [Eagle copy 1 month in Weekly.]

New Grain Store!
HAVING Retired from the firm of ALEX. POWER & Co., I will continue on my own account in the Grain Trade, on Wall Street, next door to Alex. Maddox, and solicit all our old customers to give me a call, as I have a large number of Sacks and feel confident of my ability to give entire satisfaction to all who may be pleased to deal with me. ALEX. POWER. Maysville, Ky., July 1, 1863.

Braiding All the Go!
I HAVE LATELY RECEIVED A LARGE variety of new Style STAMPS, which in addition to my former stock enables me to offer a greater variety of BRAIDING PATTERNS than can be found in the City. I am prepared to Stamp Ladies' or Children's Dresses or Cloaks, in the latest style, on short notice and at moderate rates.

LADIES are invited to call and see my PATTERNS. Mrs. GEO. ARTHUR, Maysville, Oct. 15. Second street.

UNION COAL OIL,
ALWAYS ON HAND, and for sale at lowest market price by BEN PHISTEY.

Come down in the center,
That's what it means!
N. C.
SADDLERY.

THE UNDESIGNED IS NOW SITUATED so as to give his undivided attention to the Manufacture of every article connected with the SADDLE AND HARNESS TRADE!

He has now on hand and in process of making, a splendid assortment of Gentlemen and Ladies' Saddles; Saddle Bags; Buggy, Carriage, Brake and Sulky Harness; Wagon and Plow Gear; Riding Bridles, with Racking, Port and Snaffle Bits; Waggons, Buggy, Coach, Sulky and Riding Whips; Hog and Kipskin Collars; Horse Covers, suitable for all seasons; Leather, Web and Rope Halters; Worsted, Cotton and Hemp Girths; Red top and Iron strap Hames; Dray and Cart Harness; in short every thing usually kept in a Saddle Establishment, which will be sold at Wholesale and Retail, at low prices, to punctual dealers; 5 per cent off for cash.

All Repairing attended to at once, at my Old Stand, on 2nd street, to find which, "Come down in the Center," between Market & Sutton. T. K. RICKETTS. Maysville, March 26th, 1863.

NEW CHINA, GLASS AND
Queensware House!!

R. ALBERT,
Second Street,
One door below Geo. Arthur's Confectioner Store.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF FRENCH AND ENGLISH CHINA, GLASS, QUEENSWARE AND FANCY GOODS in great variety, as Vases, Toilet Sets in China, Parian Marble and Bohemian Glass, Jewel Boxes; Fancy and Toy Boxes, Toy Tea Sets, &c. Also, Tea Sets in French and English China, plain and gilt.—Plated and Britannia Cutlery, and Plated Table Ware of all descriptions. Also, a large and fine assortment of COAL OIL LAMPS of all sizes and styles, Burners, Chimneys, Shades and Wicks; the very best of pure Coal Oil, Cans, &c. All of which will be sold for CASH at the very lowest Cincinnati Prices.

Call, see and judge for yourselves! Maysville, Sept. 8, 1863. R. ALBERT.

TALL AND SQUAT JARS, with Japanned Tops, of all sizes at SEATON & BRODRICK, Corner 2nd and Court Sts.

A. B. COCHRAN'S
FAMILY GROCERY STORE,
No 32, west-side Market st.,
MAYSVILLE KY.

JUST received a large stock of Family and Assorted Groceries, such as Sugar, Syrup, Coffee, Teas, Macaroni, Fish, Nutmegs, Spices, Candles, Willow and Wooden Ware, Brooms, Tobacco, Cigars, &c., &c.

Having bought all my Goods for cash, and my motto being "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS," I can assure all who may give me a call, the cheapest Groceries in the city.

The best quality of COAL OIL always on hand and for sale at the lowest market price. A. B. COCHRAN. N. B. Five year Old Bourbon on tap, and the best of all kinds of Liquors constantly on hand. Maysville, Ky., March 18, 1863. A. B. C.

SOAP & STARCH, of best brands, for sale low June 19 By BEN PHISTEY.

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND
JEWELRY!!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE Stock of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry of the Latest Fashions. I have also on hand a large stock of SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE AND FANCY GOODS.

A large Stock of MATERIAL kept on hand to accommodate the trade. Particular attention paid to Repairing and Cleaning Watches. Jewelry & Silver Ware made to Order. C. F. DUFEU, Next door to Sensation Store. Maysville, Ky., June 4th, 1862.

Cincinnati Outdone!
I WILL SELL BOOTS AND SHOES TO DEALERS Cheaper than you can buy them in Cincinnati! I have all the best brands, so popular in this market, bought EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH OF THE MANUFACTURERS. Call and examine my Stock and you will find it for your interest to buy of me. TERMS CASH! Maysville, Sept. 24, 1863. S. S. MINER.

ENVELOPES.
75,000 BUFF ENVELOPES; 20,000 White Envelopes; 5,000 Opague Do. 5,000 Official Do.

Just received from the Eastern Manufacturer and for sale at Cincinnati prices. Oct 1 G. W. BLATTERMAN.

RETAIL DEALERS.
I AM PREPARED TO SUPPLY THE RETAIL Demands of this Market on the most favorable terms. My facilities for obtaining superior BOOTS & SHOES cannot be surpassed. Maysville, Sept. 24, '63. S. S. MINER.

Leather and Findings.
I HAVE A GOOD STOCK OF LEATHER and Findings: New York, Buffalo and Cincinnati Sole; French and American Calf and Kip Skins; Upper Leather, &c.; &c. Maysville, Sept. 24, '63. S. S. MINER.

Coal Oil Lamps!
A Large stock on hand, of many styles and a great variety, for sale at our Drug Store, Corner Court & 2nd streets, Maysville, Ky. oct 8 SEATON & BRODRICK.

COAL OIL—The best Coal Oil for lamps at retail ALEX. MADDOX

L. H. LONG,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER
IN ALL KINDS OF
GRAIN, FLOUR, TOBACCO, SALT, &c.,
Corner of Wall & 2nd Streets,
MAYSVILLE, ----- KENTUCKY.
June 19, 1862-ly

BLUE GRASS SEED—Best quality, for sale low by BEN PHISTEY.



DR. ROBACK'S
BLOOD PURIFIER
and
BLOOD PILLS

have been introduced to the public for more than six years, and have acquired an

Immense Popularity, far exceeding any Family Medicines of a similar nature in the market.

An appreciating public was not long in discovering they possessed remarkable Curative Properties, and hence their

Rapid Sale and consequent profit to the Proprietor, thus enabling him to expend

Many Thousands of dollars each year in advertising their merits, and publishing the

Numerous Certificates which have been showered upon him from All parts of the Country.

The peculiarity of the Blood Purifier and Pills is that they strike at the root of Disease, by eradicating every particle of impurity

In the Blood, for the life and health of the body depends upon the purity of the blood.

If the blood is poisoned, the body drags out a miserable existence. These medicines are Unequaled for curing

Scrofula, Liver Complaint, Skin Diseases, Female Complaints, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Syphilis, Old Sores, Fever and Ague, Leucorrhoea, Sick Headache, Erysipelas, St. Anthony's Fire, Tumors, Eruptions, Fits, Scrofulous Consumption, &c.

ONE person writes, her daughter was cured of fits of nine years' standing, and St. Vitus' dance of two years.

ANOTHER writes, his son was cured after his flesh had almost wasted away. The doctors pronounced the case incurable.

ANOTHER was cured of Fever and Ague after trying every medicine in his reach.

ANOTHER was cured of Fever Sore which had existed for several years.

ANOTHER of Rheumatism of eight years. Cases innumerable of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint could be mentioned in which the Purifier and Pills

Work like a Charm. The Blood Pills are the most active and thorough pills that have ever been introduced.

They act so directly upon the Liver, exciting that organ to such an extent as that the system does not relapse into its former condition, which is too apt to be the case with simply a purgative pill.

They are really Blood and Liver Pills, which, in conjunction with the Blood Purifier,

will cure all the aforementioned diseases, and, of themselves, will relieve and cure Headache, Constiveness, Colic Pains, Cholera Morbus, Indigestion, Pain in the Bowels, Dizziness, &c.

Try these medicines, and you will never regret it. Ask your neighbors, who have used them, and they will say they are

Good Medicines, and you should try them before going for a physician.

Get a Pamphlet or Almanac of my local agent, and read the certificates, and if you have ever doubted you will

Doubt no more. As a proof that the Blood Purifier and Pills are purely vegetable, I have the certificates of those eminent chemists, Professors Chilton of New York, and Locks of Cincinnati.

Read Dr. Roback's Special Notices and Certificates published in a conspicuous part of this Paper from time to time.

Price of the Scandinavian Vegetable Blood Purifier, \$1 per bottle, or \$5 per half dozen. Of the Scandinavian Vegetable Blood Pills, 25 cents per box, or 5 boxes for \$1.

Principal Office and Salesroom, No. 6 East Fourth St., 3d Building from Main St., Cincinnati, O. Laboratory, No. 18 Hammond Street.

FOR SALE BY J. J. WOOD, Maysville, MACKAY & WOOD, do, JOHN RICHARDSON, Mayslick, W. D. WOOD, Sardis, JOHN B. HOWARD, Orangeburg, THOS. WILLIAMS, Germantown, ROBT. STEVENSON, Murphysville, BULLOCK & SULLIVAN, Dover, And by Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the United States and Canada. Jan. 8-ly

Photograph Albums.
A Large assortment of PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS, in various styles and at Manufacturer's prices, from \$1.25 to \$5.00, just received. oct 1 G. W. BLATTERMAN.

Pocket Books, &c.
A Full assortment of every style of Pocket Books and Purses, for Ladies or Gentlemen, just received and for sale. oct 1 G. W. BLATTERMAN.

CEDAR CHURNS—Fine lot just received. oct 1 For sale by BEN PHISTEY.

BAMBOO FISHING POLES—Now in Store. oct 1 For sale by BEN PHISTEY.

BUTTER FIRKINS—Fresh lot, for sale low oct 1 By BEN PHISTEY.

COMBINATION MILL!
CIDER & GRAPE MILL, CORN SHELLER and SHUCKER, all combined in one Mill, a new and complete Machine, just received and for sale by JNO. H. RICHESON. July 26, 1863.

Border Scenes in Missouri.

The building used as a Female Military Prison (in Kansas City, Gen. Ewing's district), was considered so unsafe by the occupants of the lower story, that they evacuated it, and it was evident to all that it must soon become a heap of ruins. The building, tottering to its fall, ladies were imprisoned, some of them wives and mothers, and one a child of ten or twelve years, who was chained to the floor in the middle of the room. As every minute made it more apparent that the building must fall, these wretched prisoners begged and entreated their jailors to remove them from the horrible death which was impending over them. But in vain. A rush for humanity as my pen records it. Their prayers were answered. The door of the prison came. The building fell, burying its unhappy inmates in its ruins. Four out of the number were killed, and were so crushed and mutilated that it was impossible to identify them except by their clothing. Of those who survived, every one was shockingly crippled. Such was the awful tragedy which it is here well understood led to the "Lawrence Massacre."

A gray-haired, delicate looking woman, said to a lady who met her on the road: "Twice have I been burnt out and robbed of all I had, and last Monday they hung my husband, and there is all I have left of a once happy home? She was driving a two horse wagon, in the bottom of which lay three or four sick and suffering children and was trying to make her way to the home of a distant relative, whom she had not seen since her childhood. That is only one case out of hundreds that could be given.—Correspondence of the Crisis.

If the men now armed, or heretofore armed in Missouri, not only will not assist to stop, but actually join the work of burning buildings and murdering citizens, whose only offense is that they will not countenance a reign of terror and death in Missouri, then we say it is time somebody was armed who will stop this awful work.

The burning by United States soldiers in the day time of a building in this city which cost fifteen thousand dollars, and the using of Federal muskets to smash into atoms a costly piano which the trembling inmates had snatched from the flames, these proceedings—in violation of all orders, decency and humanity—are acts which truly loyal men cannot calmly uphold, though, because the entire country population was unarmed, were forced during the last month to witness such proceedings. Any man, who is not a member of the secret clique now conspiring to overthrow the liberties of loyal freemen of Missouri, is not safe in property, life, or anything else held dear by man. Our most loyal men—devoted patriots—are daily receiving notices through the mail to leave the State or die.—St. Jo. Herald.

A band of men in soldier's apparel, went to the residence of Mr. Woodward, who resides in Rock House, Prairie, this county, and who had his store-house burned some time since, Tuesday night, and gave him just five minutes notice to leave, and then proceeded to burn his dwelling, which was soon consumed. But very few articles about the house were saved. The building was a new frame. Mr. Woodward's loss by the conflagration is about \$2,000 and \$3,000.—St. Joseph News.

Many powder their faces that their skins may seem white; as a poultice flour an old hen, that it may pass for a tender chicken.

Philadelphia is famous for its mortuary poetry. The following epitaph is credited to that locality:

Farewell, my children dear,
I am not dead, but sleeping here;
Till your father in a letter,
God took me to make me better.

The Winsted, Connecticut Herald gives ministers who make long prayers at weddings, a rejoinder in the following justification to a marriage notice: "MARRIED.—At the Methodist church in the village, on Tuesday evening last, after a pathetically protracted prayer by Rev. Blank," &c.

Love often betrays itself by tremulous tones, as the quivering of the cork announces the bite of the fish.

The sun stood still a few hours for Joshua.—The very years stand still for a maiden of thirty.

"If Britannia rules the waves," said a sea-sick man during a storm, "I wish she'd rule them straighter."

A Methodist minister in Kansas, living on a small salary, was greatly troubled to get his quarterly installment. He at last told the non-paying trustees that he must have his money, as he was suffering for the necessities of life. "Money!" replied the trustees, "you preach for money? We thought you preached for the good of souls!" "Sons!" responded the reverend, "I can't eat souls—and if I could, it would take a thousand such as you to make a meal!"

Many a woman would rather have a foul ulcer in her soul than a pimple on her nose.

Mean souls, like mean pictures, are often found in good-looking frames.

The stepping-stone to a fortune is not to be found in a jeweler's shop.

Choose not your wives as you do grapes, from the bloom on them.

A newspaper may be destroyed at night. It may light a cigar; it may curl a lady's hair. Ah! only think of that, girls. An editor's thoughts completely, sweetly, exquisitely wreathed in your rich tresses, and—yest!—nestling down with you in your midnight slumbers, gently to guard and peacefully keep watch over your happy dreams.

How many women have been ruined by diamonds, as bird catches flies—the lark from heaven to earth with sparkling glass.

The wise wife opposes wrath with kindness. A sand-bag will stop a cannon ball by its yielding.

The parent who would train up a child in the way he should go, must go the way he would train up his child in.

Why does Abe, with his Consecration Act, differ from the butchers that drive bullocks to the slaughter pen? Because butchers drive the fat of the land to the slaughter pen, but Abe drives none but the poor.

A new member arose to make his first speech, and, in his embarrassment began to scratch his head. "Well, really," exclaimed J. Sheridan, "he has got something in his head, after all."

The Question Answered.

Somebody—a woman, of course—wonders why, when Eve was manufactured from a spare rib, a servant wasn't made at the same time, to wait on her? Somebody else—a woman we imagine—replies in the following strain:

"Because Adam never came whining to Eve with a ragged stocking to be darned, a shirt string to be sewed on, or a glove to mend 'right way, quick now!' Because he never read the newspaper until the sun got down behind the palm trees, and then, stretching himself out, yawned out, 'Ain't supper most ready, my dear?' Not he. He made the fire, and hung the kettle over it himself, we'll venture; and pulled the radishes, peeled the potatoes, and did everything else he ought to do. He milked the cows, fed the chickens, and looked after the pigs himself. He never brought home half a dozen friends to dinner when Eve hadn't any fresh pomegranates, and the mango season was over. He never stayed out till 11 o'clock to a ward meeting, hurrahing for an out-and-out candidate, and then scolding because poor Eve was sitting up and crying inside the gates. He never played billiards, rolled, ten pins and a score of other games, choked Eve with cigar smoke. He never loafed around corner groceries while Eve was rocking little Cain's cradle at home. In short, he didn't think she was especially created for the purpose of waiting on him, and wasn't under the impression that it disgraced a man to lighten a wife's cares a little. That's the reason that Eve did not need a hired girl; and with it was the reason that her fair descendants did."

FEEL THE JUSTICE OF THE APPARITION.—The Washington correspondent of the Springfield Republican, a leading Administration priot, narrates the following incident:

"I had the pleasure on Monday night of seeing Macbeth rendered upon the stage by Mr. Wallace and Mr. Davenport, and also of seeing Mr. Lincoln present at the time with his little 'Tad' (Thaddaeus Lincoln) with him. It is Mr. Lincoln's favorite play, and one could not repress a certain curiosity to know (though he is familiar with them as he is with stump-speaking, doubtless) how certain passages would strike him. When the following passage between Malcolm and Macbeth was pronounced the audience was suddenly silent as the grave: 'MAL. Let us seek out some desolate shade Weep our sad bosom empty. [and then] 'MACB. Hold fast the mortal sword, and like good men Bestride our down-fall'n birthdom. Each new man New widows howl, new orphans cry, new sorrows Strike heaven on the face, that it resounds As if it felt with Scotland and yelled out Like syllable of dolor.'"

"Mr. Lincoln leaned back in his chair in the shade after this sentence was pronounced, and for a long time wore a sad, sober face, as if suddenly his thoughts had wandered from the play-room far away to where his great armies contest with the rebellion of a vast empire."

DIPHTHERIA AMONG ARMY HORSES.—A new disease seems to have lately broken out among the horses of some of the army camps. J. H. Thompson, surgeon of the Thirty-ninth New York Volunteers, stationed at Williamsburg, Virginia, thus describes its symptoms and effects:

"Four horses died in one battery within a few hours of each other. They appeared well in the morning, refused a portion of their oats at midday, and in the evening could not swallow any thing; rapid exhaustion followed, and in a few hours they died. On opening the animals, the mouth, larynx and trachea were found covered with diphtheric membranes somewhat thicker and more tenacious, but in other respects resembling that found in the human subject in cases of diphtheria. If this is diphtheria in the horse, and I know of nothing else it is likely to be, is it with them a new disease? Or, is it only new to me, because I am ignorant of its previous existence? Certainly none of the persons having charge of the Government horses around here know any thing of the disease."

It is to be hoped that this notice will arrest the attention of scientific veterinary surgeons, and that they will be able to apply a remedy.

The Abolitionists were formerly sorely exercised in mind about the return of black fugitives from labor to their rightful masters, and to prevent such return, have repeatedly organized mobs and spilled white men's blood in the streets of Northern cities. But they can now witness the march of white fugitives from service in chains, and guarded by bayonets, with the utmost complacency, although they well know the unfortunate man is going to almost certain death.—Chicago Times.

Gen. Charles B. Stuart has been appointed by the President consulting engineer on the proposed canal from the Lakes to the Mississippi.

The wheat crop of Wisconsin is estimated at 30,000,000 bushels; of this amount, 20,000,000 bushels can be spared for foreign market sales.

Rev. C. Wilson, seeing a fly light upon the Bible, improved the occasion as follows: "Ye godless sinners, ye shall be damned, every one of you, as sure as I shall catch that fly." Here he made a full swoop with his hand and thought he had caught it; opening each finger slowly till at last he found it was not there, and said, "By the hickory, I have missed it! There's a chance for ye, sinful ragamuffins, yet!"

Men and women have become extinct; they died sixty years ago, and left no heir. Ladies and gentlemen have usurped their places.

Talking shapes our thoughts for us; the waves of conversation roll them as the surf rolls the pebbles on the shore.

When James T. Brady, the celebrated lawyer of New York, first opened a lawyer's office, he took a basement room which had previously been occupied by a cobbler. He was somewhat annoyed by the provisions occupant's callers, and irritated by the fact that he had few of his own. One day an Irishman entered. "The cobbler's gone, I see," he said. "I should think he had, tartly responded Brady. 'And what do ye say?' he asked, looking at the solitary table and a few law books. 'Blockheads,' responded Brady. 'Be gone,' said the Irishman, 'ye must be doin' a mighty fine business—ye ain't got but one left.'"

Jerrild's notion of a wife at forty was, that a man should be able to change her like a bank note, for two twenties.

FRANK & COONS,

Attorneys at Law,
MAYSVILLE, KY.
Prompt attention paid to Collecting.
June 1862

J. K. SUMRALL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MAYSVILLE, KY.
WILL practice in the Courts of Mason and adjoining counties.
OFFICE—West-side of Court Street,
Jan 15, 1862

H. O. PHISTER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE ON THE WEST SIDE OF COURT ST.
MAYSVILLE, KY.
August 14, 1862.

Sewing Machine for Sale.
I have a No. 1 Laid & Webster Sewing Machine, in fine running order that I will sell at a reduced price.
CHAS. WHITE,
Boot & Shoe Store.

The Kentucky Harvester.
Having had large orders for the celebrated Reaping and Mowing Machine, all be sold but one, those not supplied would do well to call early and secure that. For Sale by
June 25, 1862. JNO. H. RICHESON.

Cider Mill.
I have for sale a splendid Cider Mill, also Mills for pressing Native Wine. For sale by
June 25. JNO. H. RICHESON.

Oils.
Lard Oil; Lubricating Oil; Pure Burning Coal Oil and wagon axle Grease.
For sale low for cash by
JOHN H. RICHESON.

SEALING WAX & CORKS, for Fruit Cans, Jars, Jugs, &c. For Sale by
SEATON & BRODRICK.

FARM FOR SALE.
I WILL SELL AT PRIVATE SALE the Farm on which I now reside, containing 150 ACRES:
One mile South-east of Germantown, on the Madison Road, with good Frame Dwelling, Barns, Ice House, &c., and never-failing Water. A Young Crab Orchard, of 13 acres, growing nicely. Permission given to Seed this Fall. Enquire of the undersigned on the premises.
Sept 10, 1862. JOHN D. LILLY.

CHINA, GLASS
QUEENSWARE!
HAVING purchased of C. Pearce, Jr., an extensive stock of CHINA, GLASS & QUEENSWARE, we will continue the business in the house formerly occupied by Pearce, Tolle & Holton. We have on hand and are receiving a large and complete stock of staple and fancy QUEENSWARE of every description. We keep constantly on hand a large and select assortment of
French China Tea Sets, Casters, &c.
SILVER PLATED WARE, FINE TABLE CUTLERY, TEA WATERS, VASES, LOOKING GLASSES
and all articles of China and Glassware, all of which we offer at Cincinnati prices for Cash. We respectfully invite the attention of Country Merchants and the public generally. Prompt attention given to all orders.
G. A. & J. E. MCCARTHEY,
Market Street, opposite Goddard House,
Maysville, Ky., March 19, 1862.

REMOVAL!
LOUIS STINE would respectfully inform his customers and friends that he has removed to the old BRICK and room formerly occupied by the Telegraph Office.

Fall and Winter Goods!
LOUIS STINE
MERCHANT TAILOR
AND GENTS FURNISHER,
SECOND STREET, MAYSVILLE, KY.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A Choice assortment of Seasonable Goods in his line, which he has prepared to dispose of at the lowest rates for "CASH!" He solicits patronage from his friends and pledges his best efforts to give satisfaction.
October 1, 1862. LOUIS STINE.

DROP IN AND LOOK AROUND!
GREAT WESTERN CLOTHING HOUSE!
BLUM & HECKINGER
TAKE GREAT PLEASURE IN forming their friends, patrons and the public of Mason and adjoining counties generally, that they have received a LARGE AND BETTER SELECTION OF FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING
Than ever was imported to this market. They will continue to receive Weekly accessions to their Stock.
Particular attention has been paid to the selection of Goods for their
MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT,
Which consist of
CLOTHS; DOESKINS; French, English and Domestic CASSIMERES; GRENADINE, SILK and VELVET VESTINGS
Which, under the superintendence their celebrated Cutter, JERRY F. YOUNG, will be got up to Order, at short notice, and in one mill, a fashionable suit at the most reasonable terms.
They keep on hand constantly a large and well selected assortment of
GENTS FURNISHING GOODS!!
The celebrated FRENCH TUCKER; NECKTIES; COLLARS; GLOVES; HANDKERCHIEFS; UMBRELLAS, &c.; &c.
Trunks, Valises and Carpet Bags.
All of which are always on hand.
Their stock of HATS & CAPS is complete. CALL AND EXAMINE.
Maysville, October 5th, 1862.

BLUE GRASS SEED—Best quality, for sale low by
BEN PHISTER.

COMBINATION MILL!
CIDER & GRAPE MILL, CORN SHELLER and SHUCKER, all combined in one Mill, a new and complete Machine, just received and for sale by
JNO. H. RICHESON,
July 26, 1862.

NEW GRAIN, GROCERY,

COMMISSION HOUSE,
Corner of 3rd & Market Streets,
MAYSVILLE, - KENTUCKY.

I HAVE JUST OPENED A GRAIN, GROCERY AND COMMISSION STORE in the house formerly occupied by Jas. C. Brookover, north-east Corner of Third & Market Streets. I will pay the highest market price in CASH for WHEAT, RYE and BARLEY.
I have just received a full stock of Groceries, Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Tea, Rice, Fish, Tobacco, Salt, &c., &c., together with a general assortment of all articles in the grocery line; all warranted to be of the best quality. My goods have been bought exclusively for Cash, and will be sold for Cash or Country Produce, at very small profits.
I have also on hand a large stock of PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKY.
Commission, Storage & Forwarding Business attended to with promptness.
All persons desirous of getting the worth of their money, will please give me a call.
June 19th, 1862. BEN PHISTER.

CRUSHED, Powdered and Granulated Sugar, &c. of best quality in stock, for sale by
BEN PHISTER,
June 19 Cor. 3rd & Market streets.

SYRUP—Philadelphia and Baltimore Syrups, in barrels, half barrels and 10 gal. kegs, for sale low by
BEN PHISTER,
June 19, Cor. 3rd & Market streets.

TORRADO of all grades and prices, for sale by
BEN PHISTER,
June 19 Cor. 3rd & Market streets.

VINEGAR of the best quality, for sale by
BEN PHISTER,
June 19.

APPLE BRANDY—old and mellow of best quality, in store and for sale by
BEN PHISTER,
June 19.

FISH—Mackerel and White Fish, in barrels, h. barrels, quarter barrels and kits, of best brands for sale at lowest rates by
BEN PHISTER,
June 19.

TEA—a very superior article, the best imported in store and for sale by
BEN PHISTER,
June 19.

RICE—the pure Carolina Rice, for sale by
BEN PHISTER,
June 19.

CANDLES—Star & Summer Mould Candles of best quality, at BEN PHISTER'S.

BROOMS,
A large supply of best quality, for sale by
BEN PHISTER.

NEW MACKEREL.
21 BARRELS NO. 1 MACKEREL;
20 Barrels No 2 do.
20 Barrels No 3 do.
20 Barrels No 4 do.
20 Barrels No 5 do.
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20 Barrels No 99 do.
20 Barrels No 100 do.

Sugar Mills,
FOR GRINDING THE CHINESE SUGAR CANE, for sale by
June 1, 1862. JNO. H. RICHESON.

DIXON'S
BLACKBERRY CARMINATIVE
FOR Dysentery, Diarrhea, Flux, Cholera Morbus and Summer Complaint.
For sale by
SEATON & BRODRICK,
Cor. 2nd & Court Sts.

GRAIN DRILLS.
FARMERS are requested to call and examine a new Grain Drill for putting in their fall crops. It has many improvements over the old DRILL and those wanting one would do well to call early. For sale by
JNO. H. RICHESON,
Maysville, Sept. 6, 1862.

FRUIT JARS AND JARS WITH JAPANESE POPPS, of all sizes, for sale, by Wholesale or Retail, at suit prices, by
G. A. & J. E. MCCARTHEY,
Market street, Maysville.

HAGAN'S
MAGNOLIA BALM!
FOR BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION, Eradicating FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS, SUN-BURN and TAN. For sale by
SEATON & BRODRICK,
Cor. 2nd & Court Sts.

GOLDEN SYRUP!
EXTRA GOLDEN—For sale by
J. H. RICHESON,
Market street.

Combs & Brushes.
A LARE Stock and of great variety on hand and for sale at our Drug Store, corner Second and Court streets, Maysville, Ky. Sep. 17 SEATON & BRODRICK.

BOOK & STATIONERY
HOUSE!
H. V. PURCHASED the Stock of BOOKS, STATIONERY, WALL PAPER, &c., of Messrs W. L. PEARCE & Co., and has removed to the old stand in this city. I shall be continually supplied with a full stock of all articles pertaining to the business and shall sell upon the most reasonable terms.
My stock of SCHOOL BOOKS & SCHOOL STATIONERY is now complete and embraces all the classes of Books in use by the Schools in Northern Kentucky and Southern Ohio.
G. W. BLATTERMAN,
Sep. 17, 1862.

Coal Oil Reduced!
90 CTS PER GALLON RETAIL.
Larger quantities at smaller figures.
Oct 29, 1862. At J. H. RICHESON'S.

Coal Oil!
PRICE REDUCED!!
At SEATON & BRODRICK'S.

WINDOW GLASS!
ALL SIZES
At SEATON & BRODRICK'S.

Harper's Magazine!
H. V. PURCHASED the closing No. of the present volume received by
G. W. BLATTERMAN,
Oct 29, 1862.

CON. H. OILERS—A choice lot of
Oct 29, 1862. At BEN PHISTER'S.

NEW GOODS!!

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the Public that they are just receiving a NEW AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which has been purchased since the recent decline, composed of every thing kept in the Dry Goods Line. The Ladies are particularly requested to call and examine our Stock of DRESS GOODS, consisting in part of the LATEST STYLES, to-wit:

Plain Black Silks, all prices; Fancy Summer Silks; MOHAIR; POPLIN; CHAMBRAY; VALENTINE; Plain & Fancy BURGESS; SILK GRENADINE; ORGANZINE; SWISS LAWNS; JACONET LAWNS; &c.

Linon Cambric Dress Goods;
Percales and Chintz Muslins. A large lot of the best Prints; Irish Linens; Linen Diapers and Toweling; Table Linens; Napkins; Warsallies Quilts; Flax and Flax Jaconets; Nainsooks; Muslins; Striped, Plaid and Plain Swisses; Faus of all kinds; Jaconet & Swiss Flouncings, Edgings and Insertings; Valenciennes and Thread Laces; Linen and Cotton Laces; Ladies Jaconet and Swiss Collars; Mourning Collars; Black Lace and Gremading Vails; Fancy Vests; Mourning Vests; Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves; Pique and Silk Gloves; Kid & Bear Corsets; new style Hoop Skirts.

A desirable Stock of
CARPETS & MATTINGS;
Parasols; Silk and Cambric Umbrellas. Also, a splendid stock of Heavy D. mestic Goods; Bleached and Brown Muslins; Drilling; Calicoes; Ginghams; of all qualities; Checks; Cottonades; Wool Tweeds and Summer Cassimeres; suitable for Youth's Clothing. We also call the attention of Gentlemen to our Stock of

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,
the latest New York Styles. Also, a splendid lot of

Cents Furnishing Goods,
Such as Shirts; Drawers; Undershirts; Collars; Neck Ties; Scarfs; Gloves; Hosiery; Handkerchiefs, &c. Besides many other articles, too tedious to mention, usually kept in the Dry Goods Line, all of which we are prepared to sell as cheap if not cheaper than any one else.

Please give us a call and examine our Goods and Prices.

RICKETTS, WELLS & CO.,
SUTTON STREET, MAYSVILLE, KY.
June 4th, 1863.

GODDARD HOUSE,
CORNER OF MARKET & FRONT STS.

Opposite Steamboat Landing,
MAYSVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Mrs. E. F. FLEMING, Proprietress.
THIS well known Hotel, has been repaired and refitted in a superior manner and is now open to the public.
The Proprietress recently of Rox Springs, solicits the patronage of the traveling community. No pains will be spared to give satisfaction to the guests of the house.
Stages leave daily for all points in the interior.
Feb. 12-6m Mrs. E. F. FLEMING.

SOLOMAN KINSLER,
Watchmaker & Jeweler,
(Opposite the Doniphan House.)
SECOND STREET.

THE undersigned has just received a large supply of fine Gold and Silver Watches, and jewelry of all styles, to which he invites the attention of the public.
Finger Rings and other Jewelry made to order, and warranted to be pure gold.
WATCHES, CLOCKS & JEWELRY, repaired on short notice and warranted to give satisfaction.
Nov. 27-ly

REMOVAL.
GEORGE ARTHUR
Baker & Confectioner
AND DEALER IN
Fruits, Nuts, Toys,
FANCY GOODS, &c.,
Has removed his Stock to
MULLIN & FUNT'S Old Stand, on
SECOND STREET.
Where he will be pleased to second wait upon all
Maysville, Ky., April 9th, 1863.

WHEAT, RYE & BARLEY WANTED.—I am constantly in the market and paying highest prices.
June 19. Cor. 3rd & Market streets

CIDER VINEGAR.
A Superior article of PURE CIDER VINEGAR, for sale
April 2 By BEN PHISTER.

SUGAR CURED DRIED BEEF.
A very superior article. For sale low by
BEN PHISTER.

CHOICE GUN POWDER TEA.
THE BEST ARTICLE IMPORTED, AND pronounced by all who have used it to be the best ever sold in this market. For sale April 2 At BEN PHISTER'S.

CLOVER & TIMOTHY SEED.
25 Bbls Clover and Timothy Seed, just rec'd and for sale by
BEN PHISTER.

FLASKS & BLACK WINE BOTTLES,
by the gross. For sale by
G. A. & J. E. MCCARTHEY,
Importers of Earthen Ware,
Market street.

Mix's Patent Ventilator!
FOR COAL OIL LAMPS!!
A NOCHIMNEY BURNER, which gives a brilliant light, soft and pleasant to the eye. For sale by
G. A. & J. E. MCCARTHEY,
Market street, Maysville.

JOHN A. SEATON, J. B. BRODRICK
SEATON & BRODRICK
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
DRUGGISTS,
AND DEALERS IN
MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,
Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.
CORNER SECOND COURT STS.
Maysville, Ky.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

Regular Cincinnati Maysville Packet
THE FINE, NEW AND SPLENDID STEAMER
This fine Steamer
For the Cincinnati and Maysville Trade.
MAGNOLIA,
J. H. PRATHER, Commander.
LEW. MORRIS, Clerk.

Leaves foot of Walnut St., for Maysville, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12 o'clock, M. Leaves Maysville for Cincinnati, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 10 o'clock, A. M. For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to GRAHAM & MCNEELY.
Freight received at all hours at the Maysville Packet Landing.

Cincinnati, Maysville and Portsmouth
REGULAR TRI WEEKLY PACKET.
THE SPLENDID STEAMER
Bostona,
Captain Wm. McClain, Commander, will continue in the above trade, leaving Cincinnati every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and Portsmouth every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12 M. Stopping at Maysville either way between the hours of 5 and 7 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to B. McNEELY, Agent, Maysville, Ky.

REMOVAL!
GEO. BROWN, has removed to the Jewelry Store, one door above Geo. Cox & Son's Store, where he will be pleased to see all of his old customers.
WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY, repaired on the shortest notice and LIBERAL TERMS.
[Maysville, July 31, 1862.]

R. C. ZOSER, Wm. COLVIN,
ROSS & COLVIN,
HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL
PAINTERS,
Shop on 2nd Street, over Gurney's Meat Store,
MAYSVILLE, KENTUCKY.

GRAINING, GILDING, GLAZING AND PAINTING, done in the latest and most approved style, and with dispatch.
June 19th, 1862.

When you arrive at Cincinnati, stop at the
MADISON HOUSE,
Main Street, between Front and Columbia.
J. W. GARRISON, Proprietor.

Omibusses leave the Depot, on the arrival of every train, to convey Passengers to this Hotel.

DENNISON HOUSE,
Fifth street, bet. Main & Sycamore,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
CORBIN GALEHER, Proprietors.
JOS. F. PERRIE, do.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL HAS BEEN REPAIRED AND REFITTED THROUGHOUT, and is now open to the Public. The Proprietors, recently of the "Goddard House," Maysville, Ky., solicit the patronage of the traveling community, and especially of those Kentuckians to whom they have been known as the hosts of the Goddard. No pains will be spared to give satisfaction to every guest of the House.